WEST

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L13: Entry 5 of 23

File: DWPI

May 30, 1992

DERWENT-ACC-NO: 1993-051056

DERWENT-WEEK: 199306

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TITLE: Nylon fabric used for avoiding infrared detection - is printed with green and brown patterns using nonionic surfactant, green or blue metal complex dyes and black vat dye

INVENTOR: CHOI, H; SHIM, Y

PRIORITY-DATA: 1989KR-0018285 (December 11, 1989)

PATENT-FAMILY:

 PUB-NO
 PUB-DATE
 LANGUAGE
 PAGES
 MAIN-IPC

 KR 9204245 B
 May 30, 1992
 000
 D06P003/86

INT-CL (IPC): D06P 3/86

ABSTRACTED-PUB-NO: KR 9204245B

BASIC-ABSTRACT:

To make a nylon <u>camouflage fabric</u> avoiding <u>lnfrared</u> detection, light green, dark green and brown patterns are <u>printed</u> onto the nylon <u>fabric</u>, which has been continuously scoured using nonionic surfactant and intermediately set. The process involves using mixed printing paste contg. 1:2 metal complex dyes of green or blue <u>colour</u> and general acid dyes, and black dye selected from aminoanthraquinone-benzanth rone deriv. which are vat dyes, or imide complex of pyranthrone, aminoanthraquinone, amino-violanthrone.

The resulting infrared camouflage nylon satisfies the specifications set by US millitary standard 43473 E class 3.

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L13: Entry 7 of 23

File: DWPI

Jan 1, 1991

DERWENT-ACC-NO: 1991-029217

DERWENT-WEEK: 200230

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TITLE: Printing of poly-meta-phenylene-iso-phthalamide fabrics - using aq. print paste on fabric supplied with N-cyclohexyl-2-pyrrolidone by pretreatment or residue of prior base-dyeing

INVENTOR: CATES, B J; KELLY, D R ; RIGGINS, P H ; COLES, B J

PRIORITY-DATA: 1989US-0394334 (August 16, 1989), 1992CA-2060373 (January 30, 1992)

PATENT-FAMILY:

PUB-NO	PUB-DATE	LANGUAGE	PAGES	MAIN-IPC
US 4981488 A	January 1, 1991		000	
WO 9102837 A	March 7, 1991		000	
AU 9061741 A	April 3, 1991		000	
EP 487568 A1	June 3, 1992	E	026	D06P001/642
JP 04507438 W	December 24, 1992		007	D06P003/24
CA 2060373 A	July 31, 1993		000	D06P003/24
AU 640949 B	September 9, 1993		000	D06P005/22
CA 2060373 C	March 26, 2002	E	000	D06P003/24

INT-CL (IPC): C09B 67/00; D06P 1/00; D06P 1/642; D06P 3/24; D06P 5/22; D06Q 1/02

ABSTRACTED-PUB-NO: US 4981488A

BASIC-ABSTRACT:

A poly(m-phenylene isophthalamide) (I) textile fabric is supplied with a dye-enhancing amt. of N-cyclohexyl-2-pyrrolidone (NCHP) before applying a print paste in a predetermined pattern. The print paste consists essentially of dyestuff, thickening agent and water, and opt. additives selected from flame retardants, UV absorbers, antistatic agents and water-repellants. After drying, the treated fabric is cured; pref. any residual NCHP is removed from the fabric. The NCHP may be applied to the fabric prior to printing, or the fabric may have been dyed previously to a predetermined base shade using NCHP as the dye diffusion promoter, and also contain a flame retardant.

USE/ADVANTAGE - An exhaust process for dyeing aramid fibres and fabrics at high temps. using NCHP as dye carrier is known (see WO 8906292). It has now been found that residual NCHP in thus-treated fabrics, or indeed in undyed fabrics pretreated with NCHP, facilitates the printing with aq. print pastes. Although the use of polar solvents (such as DMSO, DMF and NMP) in aq. print pastes for aramid fibres is known (see US 4,706,523), NCHP is effective at much lower concns. of only 5 wt.% in aq. soln., thus limiting the damage such solvents cause to the fabrics; colour retention after scouring is excellent. The printed, flame-retarded fabrics are partic. applicable to military use, esp. in the form of camouflage patterns.

Generate Collection

L13: Entry 9 of 23

File: DWPI

May 8, 1990

DERWENT-ACC-NO: 1991-146360

DERWENT-WEEK: 199120

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TITLE: Mfr. of camouflaging fabric undetectable by IR - by dyeing mixed nylon and

cotton fibre fabric with anthraquinone-based dye and vat dyes

INVENTOR: SIM, Y B; SIN, T D

PRIORITY-DATA: 1987KR-0014209 (December 12, 1987)

PATENT-FAMILY:

PUB-NO

PUB-DATE

LANGUAGE

PAGES

MAIN-IPC

KR 9003114 B

May 8, 1990

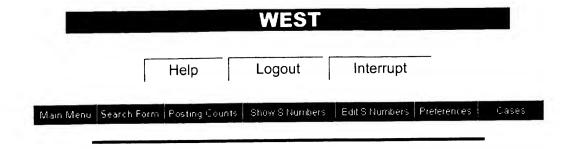
000

INT-CL (IPC): D06P 3/87

ABSTRACTED-PUB-NO: KR 9003114B

BASIC-ABSTRACT:

The camouflaging fabric is prepd. by dyeing and printing a cloth made of nylon and cotton fibre by using four colours of light-green, dark-green, brown and black. The light-green dye is applied as back ground colour and then the other three colours are printed thereon. The green colour dye is benzanthione derivs. type dyes aquinonebased dye contg. diazole. The brown and black dyes are vat dyes. The camouflaging fabric is useful in woodland



Search Results -

Term	Documents		
(4 AND 3).DWPI.	26		
(L3 AND L4).DWPI.	26		

Search History							
	Recall Text 🔷 Clea	r					
Search:	L15			Refine Search			
Database:	US Patents Full-Text Database US Pre-Grant Publication Full-Text Database JPO Abstracts Database EPO Abstracts Database Derwent World Patents Index IBM Technical Disclosure Bulletins						

DATE: Tuesday, June 25, 2002 Printable Copy Create Case

Set Nam side by side		Hit Count	Set Name result set
	WPI; PLUR=YES; OP=ADJ		
<u>L15</u>	13 and 14	26	<u>L15</u>
<u>L14</u>	11 and 15	1	<u>L14</u>
<u>L13</u>	11 and 14	23	<u>L13</u>
<u>L12</u>	11 and 19	0	<u>L12</u>
<u>L11</u>	15 and 14 and 13	0	<u>L11</u>
<u>L10</u>	13 and 14 and 19	0	<u>L10</u>
<u>L9</u>	para-aramid or para aramid	117	<u>L9</u>
<u>L8</u>	11 and 12 and 13	1	<u>L8</u>
<u>L7</u>	11 and 13 and 15	0	<u>L7</u>
<u>L6</u>	11 and 13 and 15 and 14	0	<u>L6</u>
<u>L5</u>	flame same resistant	8084	<u>L5</u>
<u>L4</u>	(color or colour) same printed same (fabric or textile)	517	<u>L4</u>
<u>L3</u>	cellulosic same (fibers or fibres)	5243	<u>L3</u>
<u>L2</u>	flame same retardant	14787	<u>L2</u>
L1	(patterned or camouflage) same (fabric or textile)	1159	<u>L1</u>

END OF SEARCH HISTORY